

What is the Cost of a Human?

Augur Consulting ICEAA Professional Development & Training Workshop 2023 Obai Kamara, Stephen Koellner, & Nick Peeples

Introductions



Obai Kamara

- Sr. Technical Advisor
- BS Physics, MS Business Analytics





Stephen Koellner

- Technical Advisor
- BS Mathematics



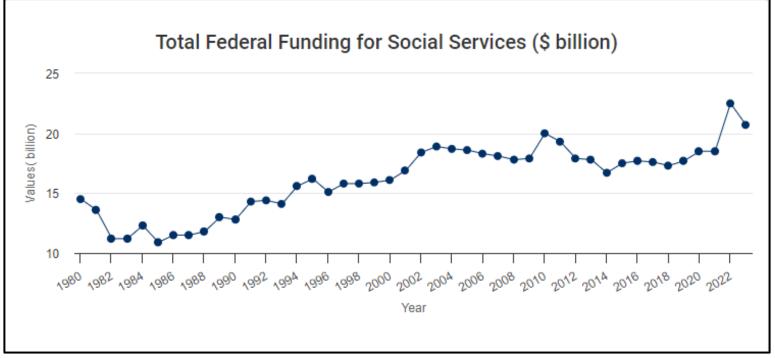


Nick Peeples

- Analyst
- BS Economics



Background – Funding Social Services



Source: https://www.ibisworld.com/us/bed/federal-funding-for-social-services/4608/

The U.S Government has funded social welfare for over 87 years. With the impact of COVID-19 causing distress amongst US citizens and federal budget allocations alike, better estimates are required to financially support the most vulnerable populations.

<u>Purpose</u>

- Forecast social services cost per person in the U.S.
- Identify aspects of U.S. life that drive social services costs
 - Advise federal agencies on future risks that inform budgets
 - Mitigate future spending risks via proactive measures

<u>Scope</u>

- Federal spending on social services starting FY2024 to FY2060
- Only elements of budget classified as social services included

Ground Rules & Assumptions

Ground Rules

- Social services: public services intended to provide support for the disadvantaged
 - Transportation, education, & small businesses excluded from estimate
- Estimate captures forecasted federal costs from FY2024 FY2060
- Only current US federal agencies/departments accounted for
- Selected agencies are representative of required social services
- Unprecedented events (apocalyptic meteor, World War III, etc.) excluded from projection
 - Cyclical economic downturns, natural disasters, & peacetime included in estimate

Assumptions

- Social services dependent on needs of U.S. population
- Needs of US population determined by the following:
 - Demographics, economic conditions, natural disasters, & other regularly documented metrics
- Historical federal expenditures (2000-2022) sufficient for projecting expenditures
- Historical events (2000-2022) sufficient for projecting future events (and frequency)

Work Breakdown Structure

- Defined social services based on scope of federal agencies
 - 52 total departments \rightarrow 7 identified as social services (Table 2.1.A)
 - Organized agencies within work breakdown structure by human needs

Federal Department/Organization	Social Service (Y = Yes, N = No)
Department of Agriculture	Y
Department of Health and Human Services	Y
Department of Housing and Urban Development	Y
Department of Labor	Y
Department of Veterans Affairs	Y
Federal Emergency Management Agency	Y
Social Security Administration	Y

Table 2.1.A List of Social Services and other Federal Departments/Organizations

Table 3.A WLC Work Breakdown Structure

WBS #	WBS Element Name	WBS Element Description
1.0	Total Whole Life Cost	Per person federal cost for social services
1.1	Shelter	Per person federal cost for social services pertaining to shelter
1.1.1	Department of Housing and Urban Development	Per person federal cost for Housing and Urban Development
1.1.2	Federal Emergency Management Agency	Per person federal cost for disaster relief and emergency management
1.2	Health and Wellness	Per person federal cost for social services pertaining to health and wellness
1.2.1	Department of Health and Human Services	Per person federal cost for Health and Human Services
1.2.2	Department of Agriculture	Per person federal cost for Department of Agriculture
1.3	Income & Retirement	Per person federal cost for Income Assistance and Retirement
1.3.1	Department of Labor	Per person federal cost for the Department of Labor
1.3.2	Department of Veterans Affairs	Per person federal cost of Veterans Affairs
1.3.3	Social Security Administration	Per person federal cost for Social Security Benefits

Data Gathering Overview

1) Gathered historical spending data by year/agency

List of Control Variables

Control Variables							
Variable	Measured Proxy						
Age	Age Groups as % of Total Pop.						
Natural Disasters	Damages as result of Natural Disasters (\$B)						
Number of Veterans	Veteran % of Total Pop.						
Unemployment	% of Pop. receiving Unemployment Benefits						
Disability	% of Pop. receiving Disability Benefits						
Private Insurance	% of Pop. using Private Insurance						
Public Insurance	% of Pop. using Public Insurance						
Uninsured	% of Pop. Uninsured						
GDP	Real GDP per capita						
Number of Retired Persons	Number of Retired Persons						
Food Assistance	% of Pop. receiving SNAP Benefits						
Homeless Population	% of Pop. Homeless						
Life Expactancy	Life Expectancy						
Inflation	СРІ						
Fertility	Fertility Rate						
Crime	Crime Rate						
Poverty	% of Pop. under Poverty Line						
Urban/Rural Residential Makeup	% of Pop. living in Urban area						

Data Summary: Descriptive Statistics

FY00-FY22 Federal Spending

ndina (ŜB)	Social Services Total (SB)	
nunig (\$27		
7,614.4	Mean 4,30	02.4
610.3	Standard Error 35	59.7
7,321.6	Median 4,44	46.9
2,927.0	Standard Deviation 1,72	25.2
8,567,561.2	Sample Variance 2,976,36	50.0
1.9	Kurtosis	0.6
1.0	Skewness	0.6
2,000.4	Minimum 1,04	46.2
14,825.0	Maximum 8,39	92.3
23.0	Count	23.0
	610.3 7,321.6 2,927.0 8,567,561.2 1.9 1.0 2,000.4 14,825.0	7,614.4 Mean 4,30 610.3 Standard Error 39 7,321.6 Median 4,44 2,927.0 Standard Deviation 1,72 8,567,561.2 Sample Variance 2,976,36 1.9 Kurtosis 1.0 2,000.4 Minimum 1,04 14,825.0 Maximum 8,39

Historical Population (2000-2022)

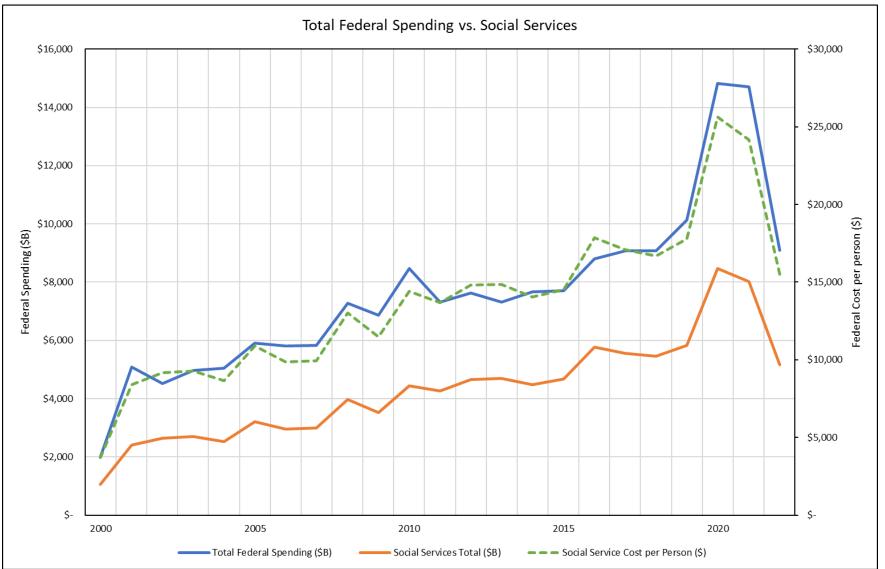
US Population							
Mean	310,166,122						
Standard Error	3,384,688						
Median	311,591,919						
Standard Deviation	16,232,395						
Kurtosis	-1						
Skewness	0						
Range	51,125,146						
Minimum	282,162,411						
Maximum	333,287,557						
Count	23						

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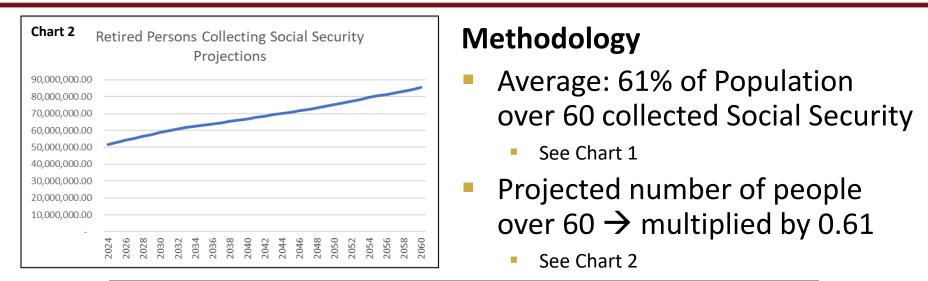
Projected Population (2024-2060)

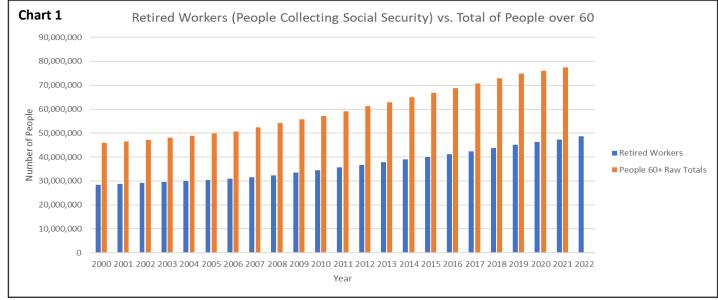
US Population								
Mean	375,438,382							
Standard Error	3,009,575							
Median	376,746,115							
Standard Deviation	18,306,529							
Sample Variance	3.E+14							
Kurtosis	-1							
Skewness	0							
Minimum	341,963,408							
Maximum	404,483,055							
Count	37							

Data Summary: Federal Spending



Projection Data: Example of Rationale for Internally Created Data





Exploratory Data Analysis and Normalization

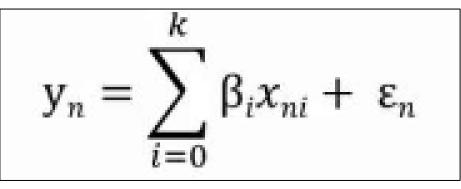
I. Correlation Matrix	HUD Spending \$B	DOL Spending \$B	SS Spending \$B			Age 20 - 39	Age 40 - 59	
HUD Spending (\$B)	1.0000	-0.0222	0.0372	0.1181	-0.1467	-0.4721	0.4959	
DOL Spending (\$B)	-0.0222	1.0000	0.7025	0.4427	-0.4125	-0.2556	-0.3410	
SS Spending (\$B)	0.0372	0.7025	1.0000	0.9243	-0.9079	-0.6309	-0.6409	
US Population	0.1181	0.4427	0.9243	1.0000	-0.9705	-0.7418	-0.6127	
Age 0 19	-0.1467	-0.4125	-0.9079	-0.9705	1.0000	0.6621	0.6599	
Age 20 39	-0.4721	-0.2556	-0.6309	-0.7418	0.6621	1.0000	0.0176	
Age 40 59	0.4959	-0.3410	-0.6409	-0.6127	0.6599	0.0176	1.0000	
Age 60 79	-0.0617	0.4648	0.9150	0.9600	-0.9574	-0.5514	-0.7869	
Age 80 Up	0.3977	0.2790	0.6606	0.8037	-0.7450	-0.8228	-0.1917	
National Disaster Damages (\$B)	0.3924	0.1308	0.3530	0.3317	-0.3661	-0.2916	-0.1926	
Avg Vet%	-0.1378	-0.4725	-0.9301	-0.9942	0.9675	0.7616	0.5986	

*Note: Partial correlation matrix shown for demonstration purposes. Does not include all evaluated variables

- Summarized data using descriptive statistics
 - Identified variable with missing data
- Normalized independent variables to standard values
 - \$Billions, percent, per person, per capita, etc.
- Analyzed correlation between variables & spending
 - Identified variables with strongest relationship to spending
 - Consolidated correlated variables to reduce multicollinearity

Estimating Methodology & Approach

Ordinary Least Squares linear regression model



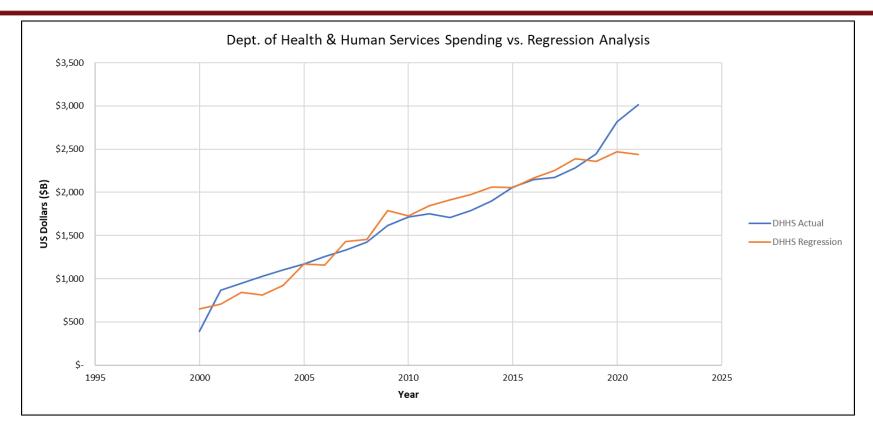
Variable Definitions

- Y_n = the total social service spending (WLC)
- β_i = the relationship between population and cost
- X_{1i,2i,...ni} = control variables (demographics, economic conditions, etc.)
- ε = residual term capturing the difference between the observed data and the sample population data*

*residual term \rightarrow estimate of true error term



Regression Analysis



- Performed regression on influential control variables
 - Derived equations to use for cost projections
 - Standard error used to inform uncertainty bounds of forecasts
- Compared results against historic data

Whole Life Cost (WLC) Model

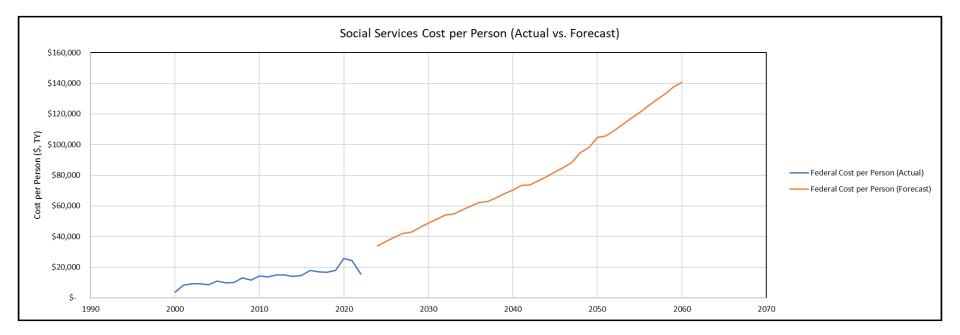
Input Form - Methodology 🔻 Input Sheet - Methodology 🔻 Results - Phased Costs 🔻 Overrides - Phased 🔻 Charts - Estimate 🔻															
Row	WBS/CES Description	Approp	Uniqu ID	Point Estimate	Phasing Method	Equation / Throughput Fi		Equation / Throughput		Equation / Ubroughput		Units	Start Date	Finish Date	Calcu Time I
þ	Summary Sections														
1															
Þ	4 WBS														
2	Total Whole Life Cost per Person			08,566.092											
3	4 Shelter			64,712.907											
4	Department of Housing and Urban Development	CPI		43,962.145	F	HUD_Cost\$(Age_40_59%,Life_Expectancy)/US_PoP	2023	\$B	Start_Date	EOL					
5	Federal Emergency Management Agency	CPI		20,750.761	F	Disability_Award%, GDP_per_Capita, Retired_Coll_SS_Qty)/US_PoP	2023	\$B	Start_Date	EOL					
6	Health and Wellness			48,763.210											
7	Department of Health and Human Services	CPI		09,349.210	F	DHHS_Cost\$(Unemployed%, Poverty%, Urban_Pop%)/US_PoP	2023	\$B	Start_Date	EOL					
8	Department of Agriculture	CPI		58,112.420	F	<pre>stired_Coll_SS_Qty, CPI, Healthcare_Spend\$, Urban_Pop%)/US_PoP</pre>	2023	\$B	Start_Date	EOL					
9	Income & Retirement			24,515.789											
10	Department of Labor	CPI		55,756.772	F	DOL_Cost\$(Age_60_79%, Unemployed%)/US_PoP	2023	\$B	Start_Date	EOL					
11	Department of Veterans Affairs	CPI		75,724.289	F	Vet%, Unemployed%, Retired_Coll_SS_Qty, CPI, Poverty%)/US_PoP	2023	\$B	Start_Date	EOL					
12	Social Security Administration	CPI		06,965.273	F	DP_per_Capita, Retired_Coll_SS_Qty, Life_Expectancy, CPI)/US_PoP	2023	\$B	Start_Date	EOL					
13															
14															

- Independent variables projected based on academic research
 - Projections estimated using regression or timeseries forecast if prior studies were unavailable
- Regressions modeled in ACE to develop WLC point estimate
 - Input variable projections used in regressions to forecast future departmental spending
 - Probability distributions assigned to account for uncertainty

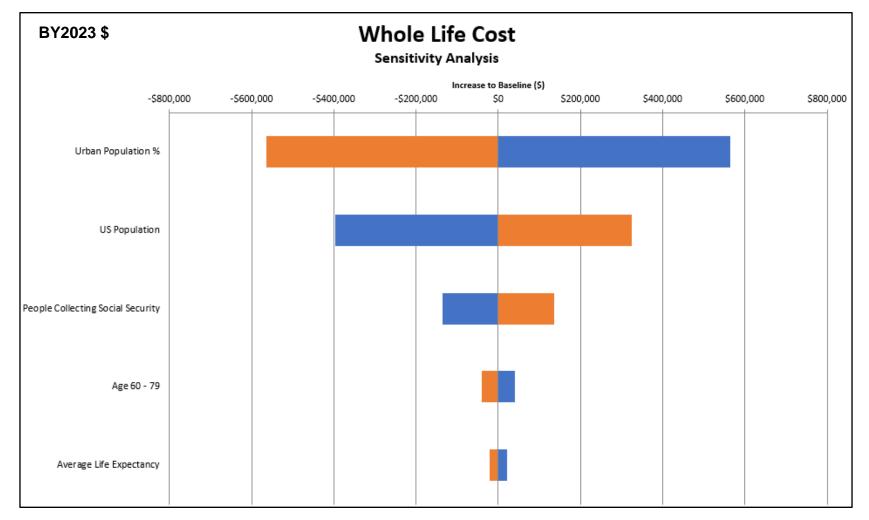
Conclusion & Supporting Rationale

Table 8.1.C Phased WBS Output BY23, \$

WBS#	WBS Element Name	FY24	FY25	FY26		FY58	FY59	FY60	Avg	. (FY24 - FY60)
1.0	Total Whole Life Cost	\$ 42,880	\$ 44,231	\$ 45,272	 \$	60,853	\$ 61,676	\$ 61,979	\$	51,168
1.1	Shelter	\$ 2,120	\$ 2,127	\$ 2,127	 \$	2,121	\$ 2,127	\$ 2,119	\$	2,049
1.1.1	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$ 1,782	\$ 1,791	\$ 1,792	 \$	1,736	\$ 1,743	\$ 1,733	\$	1,701
1.1.2	Federal Emergency Management Agency	\$ 337	\$ 336	\$ 335	 \$	385	\$ 385	\$ 387	\$	348
1.2	Health and Wellness	\$ 6,968	\$ 7,548	\$ 8,061	 \$	14,221	\$ 14,525	\$ 14,526	\$	9,943
1.2.1	Department of Health and Human Services	\$ 6,452	\$ <mark>6,946</mark>	\$ 7,381	 \$	12,606	\$ 12,861	\$ 12,838	\$	8,992
1.2.2	Department of Agriculture	\$ 516	\$ 602	\$ 680	 \$	1,616	\$ 1,664	\$ 1,689	\$	951
1.3	Income & Retirement	\$ 33,792	\$ 34,556	\$ 35,084	 \$	44,510	\$ 45,024	\$ 45,333	\$	39,175
1.3.1	Department of Labor	\$ 110	\$ 128	\$ 143	 \$	405	\$ 416	\$ 426	\$	253
1.3.2	Department of Veterans Affairs	\$ 4,012	\$ 4,125	\$ 4,235	 \$	6,546	\$ 6,605	\$ 6,605	\$	5,495
1.3.3	Social Security Administration	\$ 29,670	\$ 30,303	\$ 30,706	 \$	37,559	\$ 38,003	\$ 38,302	\$	33,428

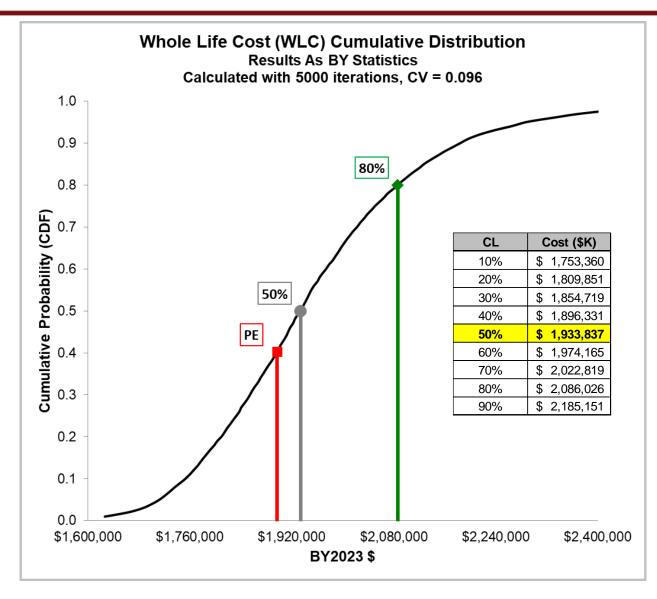


Whole Life Cost Sensitivity Analysis



110% of PE	
90% of PE	

Uncertainty Analysis: WLC Cumulative Distribution



Lessons Learned

Analysis Lessons Learned:

- Each human in the US expected to cost <u>\$51K/yr.</u> in social services on average
 - Increasing % population in urban environments may counter cost growth
- Social Security costs continue to increase/majority makeup
 - Aligns with historical data and projected population demographics
 - Growth will continue to be a challenge for future federal budgets
- Department of Health & Human Services costs will be turbulent
 - Generally, increases over time
 - 2nd largest portion of projected social services costs

ICEAA Challenge Lessons Learned:

- Data/Time Constraints
- Statistically Significant Results
- Potential Improvements to Analysis
 - Further multicollinearity sensitivity analysis
 - Broaden scope to include quantifying public goods

Questions?







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- Nick Peeples
 - npeeples@augurconsulting.net

References and Guidance

Data

- Federal Spending: Treasury Department Database & Department of Agriculture Database
 - Source: <u>https://fiscaldata.treasury.gov/datasets/u-s-government-financial-report/statements-of-net-cost</u>
 - Source : https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/2022-budget-summary.pdf
- Population: Census
 - Source: https://catalog.data.gov/dataset?q=&sort=score+desc%2C+name+asc&bureauCode=006%3A07
- Control Variables and Projection Data
 - See Workbook sheet titled "5- Input Data & Analysis" (Table 5.B and Table 5.C)

Backup



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