## A Framework to Price and Cost IT Network Services

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AdvancedStrategica EnterpriseConcepts

## Bottom Line Up Front

- Large scale IT Networks are an efficient way to provide state of the art communications to the enterprise
- To be financially viable IT network pricing must
- Cover costs
- Be attractive to as wide a base as possible
- Be competitive with alternative sources
- Pricing can be based on resources consumed such as
- Number of circuits (ckts) used
- Amount of bandwidth or megabits per second (mbps or mb) used
- Pricing plans that are similar to those in private industry


## IT Network Diagram



## Components

- Optical Carrier - A very large data communications leased line that operates at speeds of 10 gigabytes per second (10 gbps) or higher. It forms the backbone of an Enterprise IT network
- Black Transport - A smaller capacity line available in a number of megabytes per second sizes for use by organizations
- Red Encryption - A Black Transport or Optical Carrier line that has an added level of protection for highly secure communications


## Enterprise Network IT Cost Components



## Presented at the 2017 ICEAA Professional Development \& Training Workshop

## Enterprise Network IT Demand

| CIRCUITS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-2 } \\ & \text { Mbps } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-5 } \\ & \text { Mbps } \end{aligned}$ | ETH-50 Mbps | ETH-100 Mbps | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-300 } \\ & \text { Mbps } \end{aligned}$ | ETH-600 E <br> Mbps | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-1 } \\ & \text { Gbps } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-10 } \\ & \text { Gbps } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-40 } \\ & \text { Gbps } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-100 } \\ & \text { Gbps } \end{aligned}$ | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RED ENCRYPTION | 160 | 96 | 128 | 64 | 32 | 30 | 24 | 30 | 160 | 8 | 732 |
| BLACK <br> TRANSPORT | 240 | 216 | 228 | 112 | 72 | 70 | 64 |  |  |  | 1,002 |
| OPTICAL CARRIER | 240 | 216 | 228 | 112 | 72 | 70 | 64 | 42 | 164 | 10 | 1,218 |

- The cumulative build up of Cost Objects into various Services drives the Circuit demand

| 160 | 96 | 128 | 64 | 32 | 30 | 24 | 30 | 160 | 8 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 160 | 96 | 128 | 64 | 32 | 30 | 24 |  |  |  |
| 160 | 96 | 128 | 64 | 32 | 30 | 24 | 30 | 160 | 8 |



| BANDWIDTH | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-2 } \\ & \text { Mbps } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-5 } \\ & \text { Mbps } \end{aligned}$ | ETH-50 Mbps | ETH-100 Mbps | ETH-300 Mbps | ETH-600 Mbps | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-1 } \\ & \text { Gbps } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-10 } \\ & \text { Gbps } \end{aligned}$ | ETH-40 <br> Gbps | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ETH-100 } \\ & \text { Gbps } \end{aligned}$ | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RED ENCRYPTIO | 320 | 480 | 1,280 | 6,400 | 9,600 | 18,000 | 24,000 | 300,000 | 6,400,000 | 800,000 | 7,560,080 |
| BLACK TRANSPORT | 480 | 1,080 | 2,280 | 11,200 | 21,600 | 42,000 | 64,000 |  |  |  | 142,640 |
| OPTICAL CARRIER | 480 | 1,080 | 2,280 | 11,200 | 21,600 | 42,000 | 64,000 | 420,000 | 6,560,000 | 1,000,000 | 8,122,640 |

The cumulative build up of Cost Objects into various Services drives the Bandwidth demand

| Z | RED ENCRYPTION | 320 | 480 | 1,280 | 6,400 | 9,600 | 18,000 | 24,000 | 300,000 | 6,400,000 | 800,000 | 7,560,080 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\sum_{\substack{0 \\ 0}}^{0}$ | BLACK TRANSPORT | 320 | 480 | 1,280 | 6,400 | 9,600 | 18,000 | 24,000 |  |  |  | 60,080 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 品 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | OPTICAL CARRIER | 320 | 480 | 1,280 | 6,400 | 9,600 | 18,000 | 24,000 | 300,000 | 6,400,000 | 800,000 | 7,560,080 |




\section*{resented at the 2017 ICEAA Professional Development \& Training Workshop

## resented at the 2017 ICEAA Professional Development \& Training Workshop <br> Enterprise Cost Allocation

| Optical Carrier | EQUIP-Black Transport | LABOR-Black Transport | ASSETS-Red Encryption | LABOR-Red Encryption | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6,240,000 | \$1,280,000 | \$11,328,000 | \$1,920,000 | \$16,992,000 | \$37,760,000 |


| CIRCUIT (Ckt) FORECAST |  | BANDWIDTH (B/W) FORECAST (in Mbps) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Optical Carrier | 1,218 | Optical Carrier | 8,122,640 |  |
| Black Transport | 1,002 | Black Transport | 142,640 | . by Circuit/Bandwidth Forecast |
| Red Encryption | 732 | Red Encryption | 7,560,080 |  |

## COST PER CIRCUIT AND COST PER BANDWIDTH

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Optical Carrier | EQUIP-Black <br> Transport | LABOR-Black <br> Transport | EQUIP-Red <br> Encryption | LABOR-Red <br> Encryption |
| per Circuit | $\$ 5,123$ | $\$ 1,277$ | $\$ 11,305$ | $\$ 2,623$ | $\$ 23,213$ |
| per B/W expressed in Mbps | $\$ 0.7682$ | $\$ 8.9736$ | $\$ 79.4167$ | $\$ 0.2540$ | $\$ 2.2476$ |

> . . . to arrive at cost per Circuit and cost per Bandwidth

| UNIT COST |  | OPTICAL CARRIER |  | BLACK TRANSPORT |  | RED ENCRYPTION |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bandwidth | Mbps | Op Cxr Ckts | Opt Cxr B/W | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Black Trans } \\ & \text { Ckts } \end{aligned}$ | Black Trans B/W | Red Encryp Ckts | Red Encryp B/W |
| ETH-2 Mbps | 2 | \$5,123 | \$2 | \$12,583 | \$177 | \$25,836 | \$5 |
| ETH-5 Mbps | 5 | \$5,123 | \$4 | \$12,583 | \$442 | \$25,836 | \$13 |
| ETH-50 Mbps | 10 | \$5,123 | \$8 | \$12,583 | \$884 | \$25,836 | \$25 |
| ETH-100 Mbps | 100 | \$5,123 | \$77 | \$12,583 | \$8,839 | \$25,836 | \$250 |
| ETH-300 Mbps | 300 | \$5,123 | \$230 | \$12,583 | \$26,517 | \$25,836 | \$750 |
| ETH-600 Mbps | 600 | \$5,123 | \$461 | \$12,583 | \$53,034 | \$25,836 | \$1,501 |
| ETH-1 Gbps | 1,000 | \$5,123 | \$768 | \$12,583 | \$88,390 | \$25,836 | \$2,502 |
| ETH-10 Gbps | 10,000 | \$5,123 | \$7,682 |  |  | \$25,836 | \$25,016 |
| ETH-40 Gbps | 40,000 | \$5,123 | \$30,729 |  |  | \$25,836 | \$100,062 |
| ETH-100 Gbps | 100,000 | \$5,123 | \$76,822 |  |  | \$25,836 | \$250,156 |

The Circuit cost equals the

- Optical Carrier per Circuit cost
- and the sum of the Red/Black Equipment and Transport Cost per Circuit

The Bandwidth cost equals the

- Optical Carrier B/W cost times the Mbps for each bandwidth level
- and the sum of the Red/Black Equipment and Transport Cost times the Mbps for each bandwidth level


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# PriceCCost of Business Enterprise Allocated by Circuits 



- Easy; total costs divided by total circuits
- Acceptable if the customer base all tend to use the same mix of circuits
- Best for very small, informal arrangements
- Cons
- Cost of very small circuit the same as very large circuits
- No price penalty for moving up to highest bandwidth available
- Results in inefficient use of IT network resources
- Competition
- Lower bandwidth customers leave for cheaper competitive prices
- Causes costs to rise for remaining customers

| Bandwidth | Mbps | Optical Carrier <br> Ckts [1,218] | Black Trans <br> Ckts [1,002] | Red Encryp <br> Ckts [732] |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ETH-2 Mbps | 2 | $\$ 5,123$ | $\$ 12,583$ | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-5 Mbps | 5 | $\$ 5,123$ | $\$ 12,583$ | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-50 Mbps | 10 | $\$ 5,123$ | $\$ 12,583$ | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-100 Mbps | 100 | $\$ 5,123$ | $\$ 12,583$ | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-300 Mbps | 300 | $\$ 5,123$ | $\$ 12,583$ | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-600 Mbps | 600 | $\$ 5,123$ | $\$ 12,583$ | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-1 Gbps | 1,000 | $\$ 5,123$ | $\$ 12,583$ | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-10 Gbps | 10,000 | $\$ 5,123$ |  | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-40 Gbps | 40,000 | $\$ 5,123$ |  | $\$ 25,836$ |
| ETH-100 Gbps | 100,000 | $\$ 5,123$ |  | $\$ 25,836$ |

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## Pros

- Assigns costs to resources consumed
- Those who use more of the IT network service pay more


## Cons - High Bandwidth

- Bandwidth increases geometrically resulting in massive jumps in price
- A small number of customers bear the overwhelming share of cost
- Financial viability tied to a few customers


## Cons - Low Bandwidth

- Revenue from low end bandwidth does not cover recurring O\&M cost
- Decades of use necessary to recover incremental equipment costs
- Low price would result in a flood of orders


## Competition

- Higher bandwidth customers leave for cheaper competitive prices
- Customers may elect to start their own, internal network operations
- Defectors destroy the shared services model

| Bandwidth | Mbps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Optical Carrier B/W } \\ {[8,122,640 \mathrm{mb}]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Black Trans B/W $[142,640 \mathrm{mb}]$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Red Encryp B/W } \\ & {[7,560,080 \mathrm{mb}]} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ETH-2 Mbps | 2 | \$2 | \$177 | \$5 |
| ETH-5 Mbps | 5 | \$4 | \$442 | \$13 |
| ETH-50 Mbps | 10 | \$8 | \$884 | \$25 |
| ETH-100 Mbps | 100 | \$77 | \$8,839 | \$250 |
| ETH-300 Mbps | 300 | \$230 | \$26,517 | \$750 |
| ETH-600 Mbps | 600 | \$461 | \$53,034 | \$1,501 |
| ETH-1 Gbps | 1,000 | \$768 | \$88,390 | \$2,502 |
| ETH-10 Gbps | 10,000 | \$7,682 |  | \$25,016 |
| ETH-40 Gbps | 40,000 | \$30,729 |  | \$100,062 |
| ETH-100 Gbps | 100,000 | \$76,822 |  | \$250,156 |

## Cost Allocation Conclusions

- Part of the customer base is always:
o Better off seeking a competitive solution
o Bears a disproportionate amount of the burden
o One segment significantly subsidized by another
- Often leads to inefficient allocation of resources


## AConncetitive Rate Structure: Networx Pricing (from GSA schedute)



| Bandwidth | Mo Networx <br> Price - Various | Ann'I Networx <br> Price - Various |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| ETH-2 Mbps | $\$ 294$ | $\$ 3,528$ |
| ETH-5 Mbps | $\$ 514$ | $\$ 6,168$ |
| ETH-50 Mbps | $\$ 760$ | $\$ 9,120$ |
| ETH-100 Mbps | $\$ 1,172$ | $\$ 14,064$ |
| ETH-300 Mbps | $\$ 1,838$ | $\$ 22,056$ |
| ETH-600 Mbps | $\$ 2,838$ | $\$ 34,056$ |
| ETH-1 Gbps | $\$ 4,166$ | $\$ 49,992$ |
| ETH-10 Gbps | $\$ 7,449$ | $\$ 89,388$ |
| ETH-40 Gbps | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| ETH-100 Gbps | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |

- Various carriers provide service depending on which has lowest price for a given bandwidth
- Networx pricing is equivalent to the sum of Optical Carrier + Black Transport
- Networx does not offer encrypted service


## Networx Pricing Comparison vs Business Enterprise

|  |  | Networx <br> Pricing | CIRCUITS: <br> OpCxr+ <br> BIkTrans ${ }^{2}$ | BANDWIDTH: <br> OpCxr+ <br> BlkTrans ${ }^{2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Eandwidth ${ }^{1}$ | Mbps | $\$ 17,706$ | $\$ 178$ |  |
| ETH-2 Mbps | 2 | $\$ 3,528$ | $\$ 17,706$ | $\$ 446$ |
| ETH-5 Mbps | 5 | $\$ 6,168$ | $\$ 17,706$ | $\$ 892$ |
| ETH-10 Mbps | 10 | $\$ 9,120$ | $\$ 17,706$ | $\$ 8,916$ |
| ETH-100 Mbps | 100 | $\$ 14,064$ | $\$ 17,706$ | $\$ 26,748$ |
| ETH-300 Mbps | 300 | $\$ 22,056$ | $\$ 17,706$ | $\$ 53,495$ |
| ETH-600 Mbps | 600 | $\$ 34,056$ | $\$ 17,706$ | $\$ 89,159$ |
| ETH-1 Gbps | 1,000 | $\$ 49,992$ | $\$ 17,706$ |  |

${ }^{1}$ Bandwidth options limited to where both Networx, Business Enterprise have similar offerings ${ }^{2}$ Business Enterprise Annual Cost equals Optical Carrier + Black Transport which is equivalent to Networkx Service


- Networx service is above Business Enterprise bandwidth price at low end, and below Business Enterprise bandwidth price at high end
- Networx service is below Business Enterprise circuit price at low end, and above Business Enterprise circuit price at high end
- Consider the structure of the Networx rates, not the absolute price


## Competitive Networx Pricing Trend line

Networx Pricing - Various Providers


- Trend line is a best fit mathematical equation
- One issue, it plots a lower price for Ethernet 5 Mbps than for Ethernet 2 Mbps service
- Trend lines should contribute, but not dictate, cost, pricing strategy

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## Based on Networx Pricing Trendline and Recovering All Costs



- Plot the prices for the Business Enterprise offerings -
- Optical Carrier
- Black Transport (Underneath Networx)
- Red Encryption
- Using the best fit polynomial equations...
- . . .And adjusting the y - intercept . .
- . . . Such that the cost for each of the offerings is recovered


# Business Enterprise Revenue 

| Bandwidth | Mbps | Optical Carrier |  |  | Black Transport |  |  |  |  |  | Services |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Red Encryption | Total Annual Revenue | Percent of Total | Optical Cxr + Black <br> Transport | Networx <br> Annual Price |
|  |  | Unit Price Forecast |  | Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit Price | Forecast | Revenue | Unit Price | Forecast | Revenue |
| ETH-2 Mbps | 2 | $(\$ 15,714)$ | 240 | (\$3,771,272) | \$4,297 | 240 | \$1,031,330 | (\$791) | 160 | $(\$ 126,483)$ | $(\$ 2,866,425)$ | -7.59\% | $(\$ 11,416)$ | \$3,528 |
| ETH-5 Mbps | 5 | $(\$ 15,294)$ | 216 | (\$3,303,533) | \$4,717 | 216 | \$1,018,809 | (\$371) | 96 | $(\$ 35,618)$ | (\$2,320,341) | -6.14\% | $(\$ 10,577)$ | \$6,168 |
| ETH-10 Mbps | 10 | $(\$ 12,069)$ | 228 | $(\$ 2,751,831)$ | \$7,941 | 228 | \$1,810,641 | \$2,854 | 128 | \$365,271 | $(\$ 575,918)$ | -1.53\% | $(\$ 4,128)$ | \$9,120 |
| ETH-100 Mbps | 100 | $(\$ 6,040)$ | 112 | $(\$ 676,428)$ | \$13,971 | 112 | \$1,564,787 | \$8,884 | 64 | \$568,549 | \$1,456,908 | 3.86\% | \$7,932 | \$14,064 |
| ETH-300 Mbps | 300 | \$2,796 | 72 | \$201,281 | \$22,806 | 72 | \$1,642,061 | \$17,719 | 32 | \$566,998 | \$2,410,340 | 6.38\% | \$25,602 | \$22,056 |
| ETH-600 Mbps | 600 | \$14,436 | 70 | \$1,010,511 | \$34,447 | 70 | \$2,411,270 | \$29,359 | 30 | \$880,769 | \$4,302,550 | 11.39\% | \$48,883 | \$34,056 |
| ETH-1 Gbps | 1000 | \$28,881 | 64 | \$1,848,407 | \$48,892 | 64 | \$3,129,101 | \$43,804 | 24 | \$1,051,308 | \$6,028,816 | 15.97\% | \$77,774 | \$49,992 |
| ETH-10 Gbps | 10000 | \$46,132 | 42 | \$1,937,547 | \$66,143 | 0 | \$0 | \$61,055 | 30 | \$1,831,655 | \$3,769,202 | 9.98\% |  |  |
| ETH-40 Gbps | 40000 | \$66,188 | 164 | \$10,854,827 | \$86,199 | 0 | \$0 | \$81,111 | 160 | \$12,977,773 | \$23,832,600 | 63.12\% |  |  |
| ETH-100 Gbps | $\begin{array}{r} 10000 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$89,049 | 10 | \$890,491 | \$109,060 | 0 | \$0 | \$103,972 | 8 | \$831,777 | \$1,722,268 | 4.56\% |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,218 | \$6,240,000 |  | 1,002 | \$12,608,000 |  | 732 | \$18,912,000 | \$37,760,000 | 100.00 |  |  |

- Using the polynomial equation is a good starting point, but there are issues ...
- Negative pricing for Optical Transport, Red Encryption suggests customer are being paid to use the service
- Negative values in lower end segment nonsensical
- The 40 Gbps segment has a large demand for circuits, but pays almost $2 / 3$ the cost


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- Success of the offering dependent upon retaining both low end and 40 Gbps segments
- Keep the same shape as the Networx curve...
- . . . But adjust Optical Carrier, Red Encryption pricing so they no longer show negative values...
- . . . While still recovering cost of the service


# Business Enterprise Revenue Eliminate Negative Unit Pricing 

| Bandwidth | Mbps | Optical Carrier |  |  | Black Transport |  |  | Red Encryption |  |  | Total Annual Revenue | Percent of Total | Optical Cxr + Black <br> Transport | Networx <br> Annual Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Unit Price | Forecast | Revenue | Unit Price | Forecast | Revenue | Unit Price | Forecast | Revenue |  |  |  |  |
| ETH-2 Mbps | 2 | \$10 | 240 | \$2,400 | \$4,297 | 240 | \$1,031,328 | \$10 | 160 | \$1,600 | \$1,035,328 | 1.80\% | \$4,307 | \$3,528 |
| ETH-5 Mbps | 5 | \$430 | 216 | \$92,772 | \$4,717 | 216 | \$1,018,807 | \$430 | 96 | \$41,232 | \$1,152,811 | 2.00\% | \$5,146 | \$6,168 |
| ETH-10 Mbps | 10 | \$3,654 | 228 | \$833,158 | \$7,941 | 228 | \$1,810,639 | \$3,654 | 128 | \$467,738 | \$3,111,534 | 5.41\% | \$11,596 | \$9,120 |
| ETH-100 Mbps | 100 | \$9,684 | 112 | \$1,084,619 | \$13,971 | 112 | \$1,564,786 | \$9,684 | 64 | \$619,782 | \$3,269,187 | 5.69\% | \$23,655 | \$14,064 |
| ETH-300 Mbps | 300 | \$18,519 | 72 | \$1,333,382 | \$22,806 | 72 | \$1,642,061 | \$18,519 | 32 | \$592,614 | \$3,568,058 | 6.21\% | \$41,326 | \$22,056 |
| ETH-600 Mbps | 600 | \$30,160 | 70 | \$2,111,165 | \$34,447 | 70 | \$2,411,269 | \$30,160 | 30 | \$904,785 | \$5,427,219 | 9.44\% | \$64,606 | \$34,056 |
| ETH-1 Gbps | 1000 | \$44,605 | 64 | \$2,854,720 | \$48,892 | 64 | \$3,129,101 | \$44,605 | 24 | \$1,070,520 | \$7,054,341 | 12.27\% | \$93,497 | \$49,992 |
| ETH-10 Gbps | 10000 | \$61,856 | 42 | \$2,597,939 | \$66,143 | 0 | \$0 | \$61,856 | 30 | \$1,855,671 | \$4,453,610 | 7.75\% |  |  |
| ETH-40 Gbps | 40000 | \$81,912 | 164 | \$13,433,502 | \$86,199 | 0 | \$0 | \$81,912 | 160 | \$13,105,856 | \$26,539,358 | 46.16\% |  |  |
| ETH-100 Gbps | 100000 | \$104,773 | 10 | \$1,047,727 | \$109,060 | 0 | \$0 | \$104,773 | 8 | \$838,182 | \$1,885,909 | 3.28\% |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,218 | \$25,391,385 |  | 1,002 | \$12,607,991 |  | 732 | \$19,497,980 | \$57,497,356 | 100.00\% |  |  |

- Set Optical Carrier, Red Encryption to minimal \$10 for 2 Mbps. No changes to Black Transport
- Medium bandwidth segment prices are much higher when compared to Networx
- Optical Carrier revenue about 4 times as much as cost
- Total Revenue from Black Transport, Red Encryption close to cost


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- Ethernet 40 Gbps segment still pays almost half the cost


## Adjust Component Prices to be Competitive with Networx

- Keep the same shape as the Networx curve . . .
- ... But adjust the prices of Optical Carrier, Black Transport so their sum approximates Networx pricing
- . . . While still recovering cost of the service


# Business Enterprise Revenue Adjust Component Prices to be Competitive with Networx 

\$12,608,000
\$6,240,000
Transport Encryption Encryption Services

| Bandwidth | Mbps | Optical Carrier |  |  | Black Transport |  |  | Red Encryption |  |  | Total Annual Revenue | Percent of Total | Services |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Optical Cxr + |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Unit <br> Price | Forecast | Revenue |  |  |  | Unit <br> Price | Forecast | Revenue |  |  | Unit <br> Price | Forecast | Revenue | Black <br> Transport | Networx Annual Price |
| ETH-2 Mbps | 2 | \$2 | 240 | \$590 | \$3,653 | 240 | \$876,629 | \$11 | 160 | \$1,707 | \$878,926 | 2.33\% | \$3,655 | \$3,528 |
| ETH-5 Mbps | 5 | \$106 | 216 | \$22,799 | \$4,009 | 216 | \$865,986 | \$458 | 96 | \$43,992 | \$932,777 | 2.47\% | \$4,115 | \$6,168 |
| ETH-10 Mbps | 10 | \$898 | 228 | \$204,751 | \$6,750 | 228 | \$1,539,043 | \$3,899 | 128 | \$499,049 | \$2,242,843 | 5.94\% | \$7,648 | \$9,120 |
| ETH-100 Mbps | 100 | \$2,380 | 112 | \$266,548 | \$11,876 | 112 | \$1,330,068 | \$10,332 | 64 | \$661,272 | \$2,257,887 | 5.98\% | \$14,255 | \$14,064 |
| ETH-300 Mbps | 300 | \$4,551 | 72 | \$327,682 | \$19,385 | 72 | \$1,395,752 | \$19,759 | 32 | \$632,285 | \$2,355,719 | 6.24\% | \$23,937 | \$22,056 |
| ETH-600 Mbps | 600 | \$7,412 | 70 | \$518,824 | \$29,280 | 70 | \$2,049,579 | \$32,178 | 30 | \$965,353 | \$3,533,756 | 9.36\% | \$36,691 | \$34,056 |
| ETH-1 Gbps | 1000 | \$10,962 | 64 | \$701,555 | \$41,558 | 64 | \$2,659,736 | \$47,591 | 24 | \$1,142,182 | \$4,503,473 | 11.93\% | \$52,520 | \$49,992 |
| ETH-10 Gbps | 10000 | \$15,201 | 42 | \$638,450 | \$56,221 | 0 | \$0 | \$65,996 | 30 | \$1,979,893 | \$2,618,343 | 6.93\% |  |  |
| ETH-40 Gbps | 40000 | \$20,130 | 164 | \$3,301,319 | \$73,269 | 0 | \$0 | \$87,395 | 160 | \$13,983,184 | \$17,284,503 | 45.77\% |  |  |
| ETH-100 Gbps | 100000 | \$25,748 | 10 | \$257,482 | \$92,701 | 0 | \$0 | \$111,786 | 8 | \$894,291 | \$1,151,773 | 3.05\% |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,218 | \$6,240,000 |  | 1,002 | \$10,716,792 |  | 732 | \$20,803,208 | \$37,760,000 | 100.00\% |  |  |

- The following adjustments were made
- Optical Carrier prices reduced by $75 \%$
- Black Transport prices reduced by $15 \%$
- Red Encryption prices increased by 7\%
- All bandwidth segment prices are competitive when compared to Networx
- Total cost recovered although Black Transport slight lower and Red Encryption a bit higher

AdvancedStrategic ${ }^{\bullet}$ However, Ethernet 40 Gbps segment still pays almost half the cost
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## Price Reduction Appeals to High Value Customers

- Keep the same shape as the Networx
 curve...
- . . . And keep Optical Carrier, Black Transport pricing competitive with Networx offering . . .
- . . . But manually reduce the 40 Gbps price by almost half...
- . . . While still recovering cost of the service

In order to obtain this
price consider restrictions

- Minimum term buy
- Minimum order quantity

| Bandwidth | Mbps | Optical Carrier |  |  | Black Transport |  |  | Red Encryption |  |  | Total Annual Revenue | Percent of Total | Optical Cxr + Black Transport | Networx Annual Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Unit <br> Price | Forecast | Revenue | Unit <br> Price | Forecast | Revenue | Unit <br> Price | Forecast | Revenue |  |  |  |  |
| ETH-2 Mbps | 2 | \$2,658 | 240 | \$637,906 | \$3,008 | 240 | \$721,930 | \$11,540 | 160 | \$1,846,325 | \$3,206,161 | 8.49\% | \$5,666 | \$3,528 |
| ETH-5 Mbps | 5 | \$2,761 | 216 | \$596,384 | \$3,302 | 216 | \$713,165 | \$11,987 | 96 | \$1,150,763 | \$2,460,312 | 6.52\% | \$6,063 | \$6,168 |
| ETH-10 Mbps | 10 | \$3,554 | 228 | \$810,201 | \$5,559 | 228 | \$1,267,447 | \$15,428 | 128 | \$1,974,743 | \$4,052,392 | 10.73\% | \$9,112 | \$9,120 |
| ETH-100 Mbps | 100 | \$5,035 | 112 | \$563,962 | \$9,780 | 112 | \$1,095,350 | \$21,861 | 64 | \$1,399,119 | \$3,058,431 | 8.10\% | \$14,815 | \$14,064 |
| ETH-300 Mbps | 300 | \$7,207 | 72 | \$518,877 | \$15,964 | 72 | \$1,149,443 | \$31,288 | 32 | \$1,001,209 | \$2,669,528 | 7.07\% | \$23,171 | \$22,056 |
| ETH-600 Mbps | 600 | \$10,067 | 70 | \$704,708 | \$24,113 | 70 | \$1,687,888 | \$43,707 | 30 | \$1,311,219 | \$3,703,815 | 9.81\% | \$34,180 | \$34,056 |
| ETH-1 Gbps | 1000 | \$13,617 | 64 | \$871,506 | \$34,225 | 64 | \$2,190,371 | \$59,120 | 24 | \$1,418,875 | \$4,480,752 | 11.87\% | \$47,842 | \$49,992 |
| ETH-10 Gbps | 10000 | \$17,857 | 42 | \$749,981 | \$46,300 | 0 | \$0 | \$77,525 | 30 | \$2,325,759 | \$3,075,740 | 8.15\% |  |  |
| ETH-40 Gbps | 40000 | \$11,393 | 164 | \$1,868,409 | \$60,339 | 0 | \$0 | \$49,462 | 160 | \$7,913,901 | \$9,782,310 | 25.91\% |  |  |
| ETH-100 Gbps | 100000 | \$28,404 | 10 | \$284,037 | \$76,342 | 0 | \$0 | \$123,315 | 8 | \$986,522 | \$1,270,558 | 3.36\% |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,218 | \$7,605,972 |  | 1,002 | \$8,825,593 |  | 732 | \$21,328,434 | \$37,760,000 | 100.00\% |  |  |

- Keeps prices competitive with Networx
- 40 Gbps segment enjoys lower prices
- Can be perceived as unfair by some market segments
- Tie to a minimum order quantity or term agreement
- Spreads out revenue obtained from each segment, reducing risk from customers exiting
interpriseconcepts
- Revenue collected, $\$ 37.8 \mathrm{M}$, equals total cost


## Summary and Conclusions

- Analyze the customer base
- Small size, homogenous product use may lend itself to simple IT network cost allocation by circuit
- Review three pricing methodology classes
- By circuit
- By bandwidth
- By competitive offering
- Through iteration determine the pricing scheme that minimizes potential customer exit from the IT network while still covering costs
- Other considerations
- Look at providing multiple separate IT network services - one each for differing bandwidth requirements
- Minimum buy requirement
- Term agreement
- Supplemental monthly recurring charge
- Non-recurring charge
- Location premium/discount
- In the end, Network IT Cost and Pricing must be appealing to your customers regardless of what mathematical logic implies

