

The ESA Project Office Cost Model

ICEAA - 2014 - Denver CO

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15/04/2014

Summary



- > Rationale
- Space Segment PO cost model approach;
- Model Concepts and levels:
 - System level activities;
 - Sub-system level engineering;
 - Industrial Set Up and Sub-Contractors;
- Model graphic interface;
- > Future development
- > Q & A

Rationale



Project office is a significant slice of a spacecraft industrial cost (Typical > 20%)

Its weight increases further considering actual Cost at Completion (schedule delays affect mainly the PO)



Importance of estimating the Project Office cost.

Models previously used were based on cost-to-cost relations at system level

with complexity correction factors



Need of a more detailed parametric model to define a reference manpower allocation to compare with industrial proposal

PO Cost Model Approach at a glance



Platform

- Contractor experience
- Contractor size
- S/S complexity
- S/S responsible



System Level

- Contractor experience
- Contractor size
- Contractual scheme
- Quality level



PO Cost Model v. 1.0

Schedule Model (EL)

Average team size MGMT/PA/Eng

Duration





Instruments

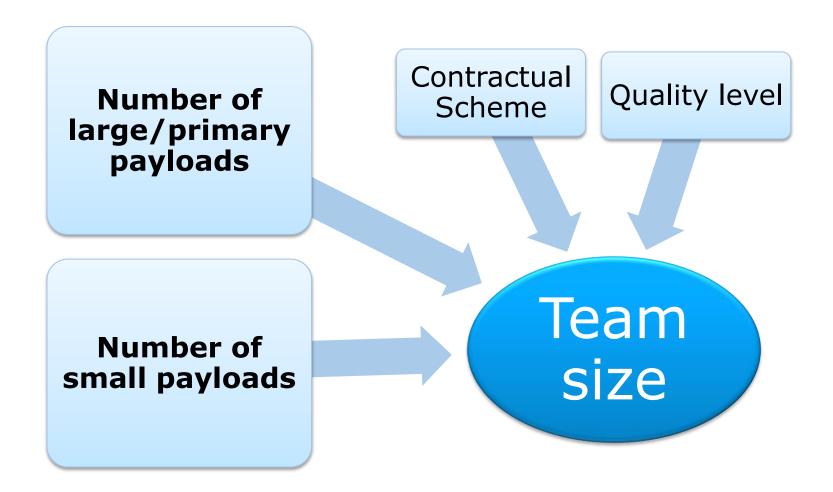
- Contractor experience
- Contractor size
- Consortium complexity
- Quality level

Small PLs

- Prime involvement
- Overall complexity

System Activities Concept *What influences team size?*

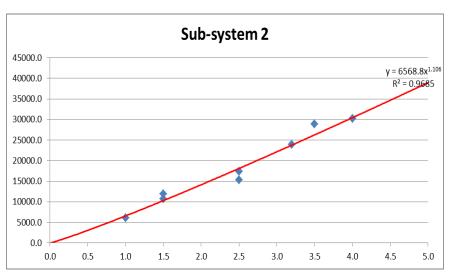




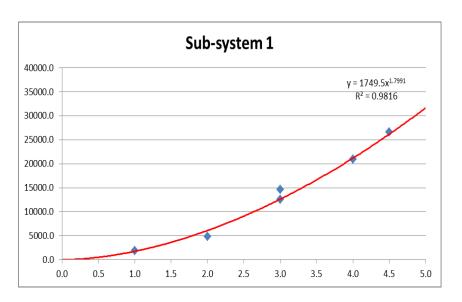
Platform S/S Engineering Model Concepts



The S/S engineering team sizes should be based on the total effort required by the design (hours) spread over the available S/S time span



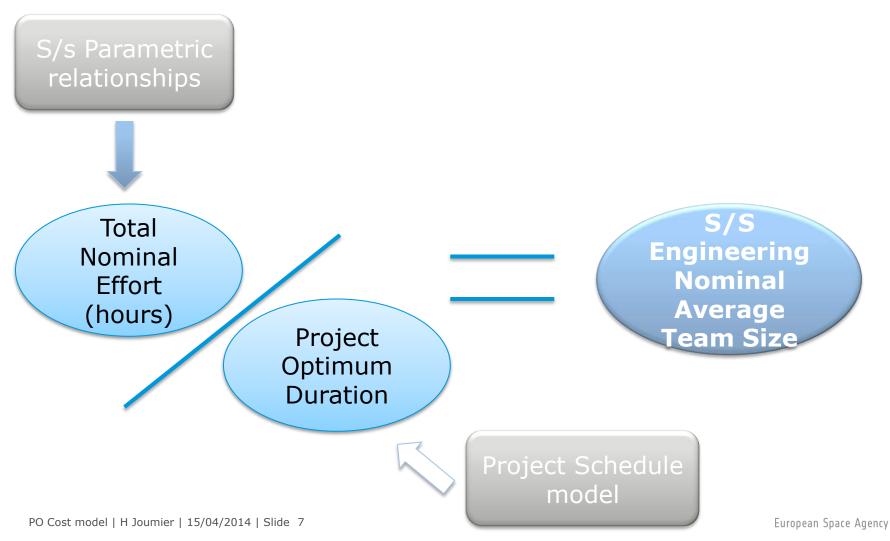




This data allowed to establish parametric relationships for each S/S between the total hours for the detailed design of the S/S and its Complexity

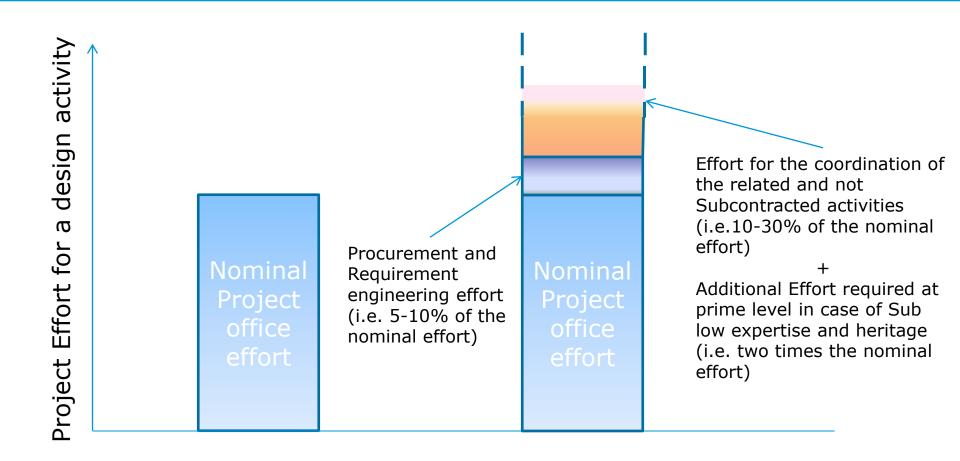
Platform S/S Engineering Model Concepts





Sub Contractors Effect





Two companies:

Prime + Sub

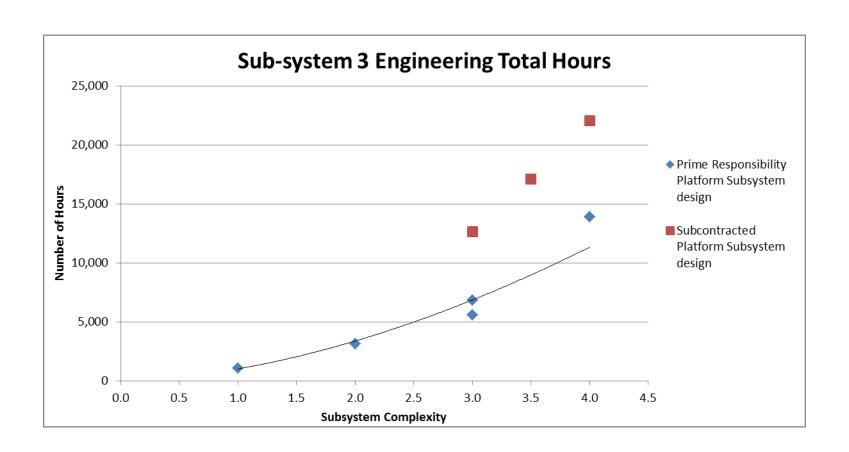
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One company

responsible

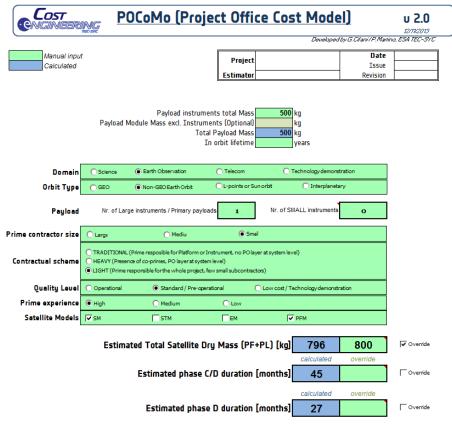
Subsystem Subcontracted example





Main Menu





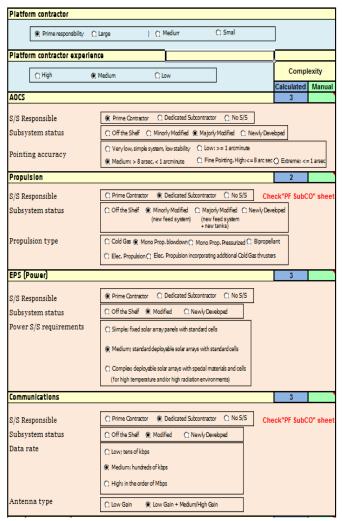
- The user is driven through elementary choices covering the Project Office main cost drivers and modifiers such as:
 - a. Domain, Orbit type
 - b. Payload mass & characteristics
 - Industrial team structure and experience
 - d. Quality level and HW matrix
- The model estimates the dry mass of the platform that provides an extensive parameter when needed.
- 3. The model performs an initial parametric estimate of the schedule duration to derive team sizes from man-hours

PF Complexity



Platform complexity





Subsystems tatus inputs refer to the subsystems as a whole, not to the individual equipment units.

A subsystem is only 'Off the Shelf' if the equipment and subsystem design is completely recurrent. If all equipment is recurrent but the design/lay-out is new, the subsystem is 'Modified'.

Complexity ranges from 0 to 5; o: None, sub-system not included 1: Simple, off-the-shelf subsystem 3: Standard, modified subsystem 5: State of the art, all equipment and subsystem design newly developed

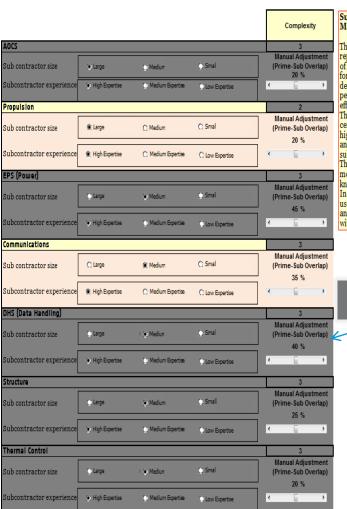
- 1. Platform contractor is characterized
 - Contractor size
 - b. Contractor experience
- Sub-systems "profiling" determines a complexity factor for each the S/s Project Office sizing (expressed in man-hours)
 - a. Performance parameters
 - b. Development status
- 3. Make-or-Buy decision is made on each of the sub-systems.
 - Contractors of Procured
 Sub-systems are further
 qualified (see next page)

Sub Contractors



Platform Subcontractor





SubContractor Experience and Manual adjustement:

The Prime Sub Overlap percentage represent the additional effort, in terms of hours, required at Prime and Sub level for the subcontracting of a Subsystem design. It is intended in term of percentage of the nominal engineering effort required.

The Prime-Sub Overlap percentage centre value, related to the subcontractor high expertise, is based on historical data and it is different between the subsystems. The manual adjustment cursor allow to modify this value basing on the user knowledge.

In absence of additional information the user is advised to select "high expertise" and the companies size in accordance with the expected rates.

> S/S not Subcontracted

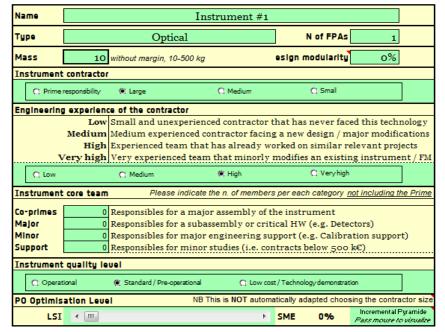
- Greyed sub-system are directly handled by the Platform Prime contractor
- Highlighted sub-systems are subcontracted with the following specifications:
 - Sub-contractor size
 - Sub-contractor experience
 - Adjustment on the degree of overlap between the Platform prime and the sub contractor

Major Instruments



Instrument #1





calculated override Override Estimated phase C/D duration [months] 48 Estimated team size MGMT 2.0 Project Administration 1.1 Contracts and Subcos Adm. 0.0 Project Control 0.9 Procurement Mgmt 0.0 0.2 2.9 Engineering 2.9 System, mechanical & thermal Optical Engineering

- Project Office related to Main Instruments is also estimated based on:
 - Instrument type, size, design repeat and modularity
 - b. Instrument contractor experience and size
 - c. Complexity of the InstrumentCore Team
 - d. Instrument Quality level
- 2. The model estimate the Project Office man-hours
- The model provides an initial estimate of the schedule duration to determine Team size as a function of the manhours

Small instruments



Small instruments



Instrument #1	Name		
Prime involvement	CFI (o%)	CPI (100%)	80
Overall complexity	Low (1)	High (5)	4
Instrument #2	Name		
Prime involvement	CFI (o%)	CPI (100%)	70
Overall complexity	Low (1)	High (5)	2
Instrument #3	Name		
Prime involvement	CFI (0%)	CPI (100%)	0
Overall complexity	Low (1)	High (5)	3
Instrument #4	Name		
Prime involvement	CFI (0%)	CPI (100%)	0
Overall complexity	Low (1)	High (5)	3
Instrument #5	Name		
Prime involvement	CFI (0%)	CPI (100%)	100
Overall complexity	Low (1)	High (5)	3
Instrument #6	Name		
Prime involvement	CFI (0%)	CPI (100%)	100
Overall complexity	Low (1)	High (5)	3
Instrument #7	Name		
Prime involvement	CFI (0%)	CPI (100%)	100
Overall complexity	Low (1)	High (5)	3

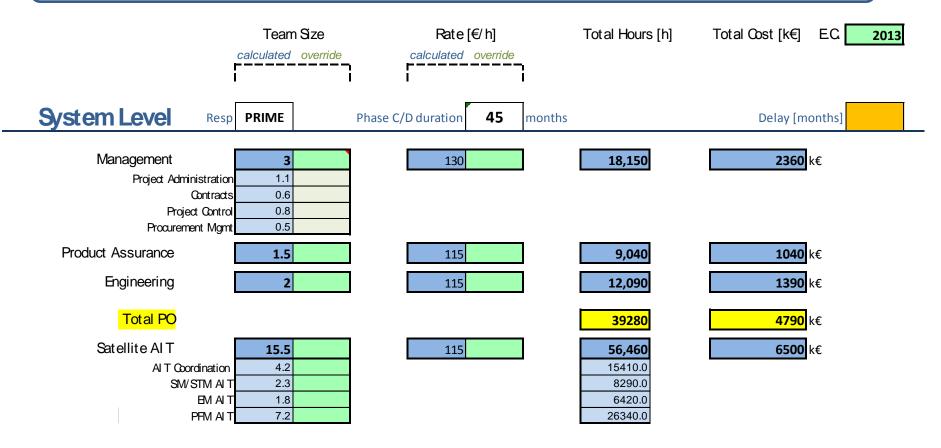
- The secondary payloads (expected to be small instruments) are also identified and taken into account to adjust the Prime contractor Project Office sizing. The main parameters considered are:
- 2. The level of Prime Contractor involvement
 - a. CFI: Company Furnished
 Instrument. The effort is limited to
 the I/F management and integration
 onto the Platform
 - b. CPI: Company Procured Instrument.
 The Prime contractor holds the full responsibility for the development and integration of the Instrument.
- 3. The complexity of each of the Instruments

Unused

Results screen



Pocomo Cass 4 Results Cost



Further Development



- Recurring Satellites and Constellations PO estimation capability;
- Class 5 model definition for very early design phases;
- Further develop AIT activities

Questions?



